

HIGH-FIDELITY SIMULATIONS OF EXCLAIM MISSION DATA

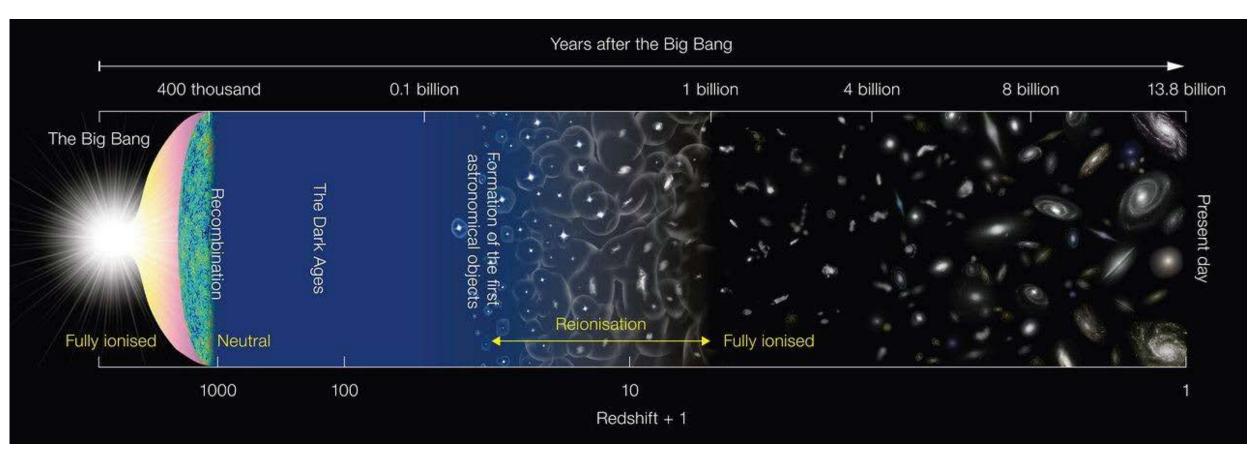
GINA PANTANO

NASA GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER

OBSERVATIONAL COSMOLOGY LABORATORY

MENTORS: DR. ERIC SWITZER & TREVOR OXHOLM

EVOLUTION OF THE UNIVERSE

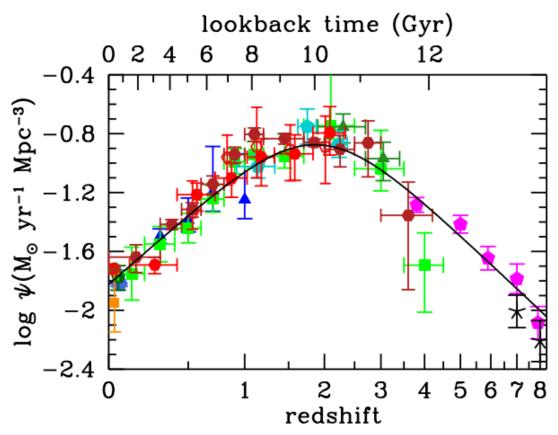


Code 665: *Observational Cosmology Laboratory* – studies the structure, the evolution, and the origin of the universe through observation, using instruments such as telescopes and cosmic ray detectors.

PRIMARY SCIENCE BEHIND EXCLAIM

Motivations

- What led to the rapid decline in star formation?
- What is the typical abundance, excitation, and evolution of the molecular gas which forms stars?
- How can we best use intensity mapping to probe higher redshifts?
- And more!!



Red, brown, and orange data points represents the cosmic star formation rate density from IR data. Blue, Green, Pink, etc. represents rate density from UV data (Dickinson & Madau, 2014).

PRIMARY SCIENCE BEHIND EXCLAIM

Line Intensity Mapping – measures the integrated sky emission from an atomic or a molecular line transition at different redshifts. (NASA/LAMBDA Archive Team, 2021).

Benefits

- Tracks growth of cosmic structure
- Sensitive to the faintest sources
- Can map large volumes a lot faster
- Cost effective
- Lots of scientific applications

<u>Caveats</u>

- Will measure all other forms of radiation
- Sensitivity is limited
- Cross-correlation with previous surveys is required

0.5 Deg

A simulated 2.5 x 2.5 deg field with galaxy positions shown by red dots (Left) and the corresponding CO intensity map (Right) (Kovetz et. al., 2017).

(Switzer et. al., 2020)

OVERVIEW OF EXCLAIM

EXperiment for Cryogenic Large-Aperture Intensity Mapping

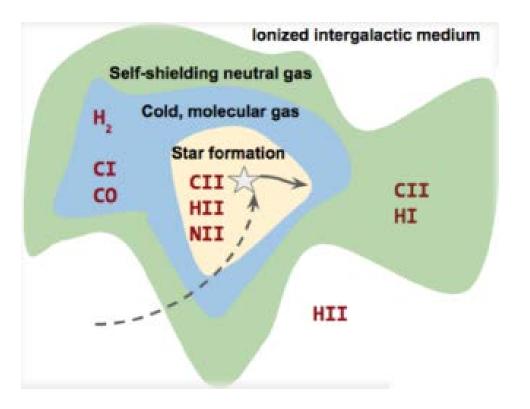


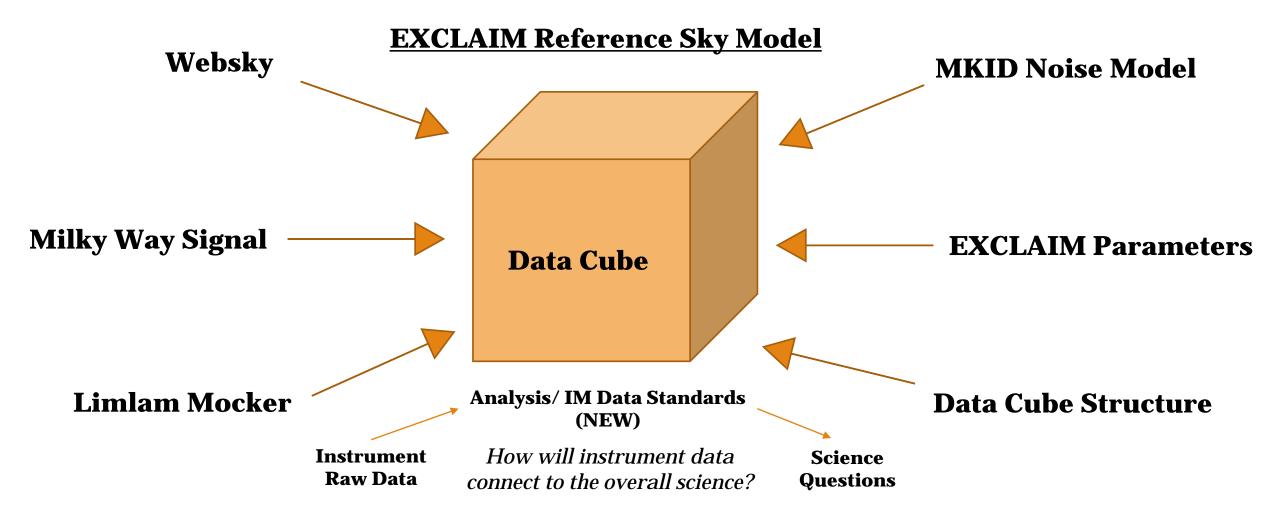
Illustration was created by Dr. Eric Switzer to show the primary science for each tracer.

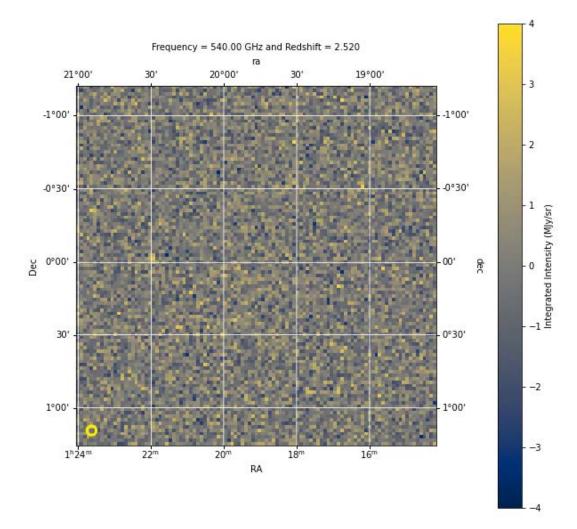
EXCLAIM is a balloon-borne far-infrared telescope mission designed to map redshifted CO and CII.

Band: 420 - 540 GHz **Resolution:** R ~ 512 **Redshifts:** CO 0 < z < 0.7, CII 2.5 < z < 3.5, CI z ~ 0 **Cross Correlation:** Baryon Oscillation Spectroscopic Survey (BOSS) – a well-defined and large-area spectroscopic galaxy redshift survey

(Essinger-Hileman, 2020)

CURRENT SIMULATION WORK





MY SIMULATION WORK

"What constitutes and describes intensity map data?"

My Project: Established the structure for visualizing real intensity map data in Python.

- Celestial coordinates
- o Spatial slices with color scale
- Storage and representation of frequency/redshift
- Specifying instrument angular resolution
- Specifying spectral coverage
- Management of related data
- Survey region dimensions
- Pixelization

End Goal: Create a mission reference simulation pipeline

SIMULATED INTENSITY MAP

2.5 -2.0 -1.5 angle [°] 1.0 0.5 0.0 **+** 0.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 angle [°]

z = 2.80 Line of sight distance = 4276 Mpc Lookback time = 11.48 Gyr Width of Box: 194.0 Mpc

(Trevor Oxholm, 2021)

FUTURE WORK

Future Work

- Develop data cubes using limlam mocker and websky.
- Implement EXCLAIM instrument noise
- The data cube will be used to analyze the data taken.
- Modify simulation pipeline for future LIM missions.

EXCLAIM Schedule

Mission Start Date: April 2019 Engineering Flight Date: Sept. 2022 Science Flight Date: Late 2023



(Volpert, 2021)



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Interns (spring 2021): Jim Fouquet (ISAE-SUPAERO), Alberto Martinez Gonzalez (ISAE-SUPAERO), Trevian Jenkins (UMD), Mathias Ramirez (ASU)

NYU/CCA: Simulation and interpretation

Anthony Pullen (Science Lead) Rachel Somerville Eli Visbal Shengqi Yang Aaron Yung (starting at GSFC) Patrick Breysse

UMD:

Alberto Bolatto (Galactic field, interpretation) Carrie Volpert (grad, spectrometer test, survey)

ASU: (Readout) Phil Mauskopf (Readout Lead) Adrian Sinclair Ryan Stephenson

UWisc: (MKID modelling, forecasting)

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CITA: Simulation and interpretation Ue-Li Pen

U Chicago: (Silicon lens AR) Jeffrey McMahon Cardiff: (Filters) Peter Ade, Carole Tucker NIST: Jake Connors









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