Goals

- Promote the history of African Americans in the physical sciences
- Provide resources for history and science teachers to be able to utilize in their classrooms and in outreach in a fun and engaging way.

Framing

- Background reading into the history of science
- Methodology and perspective integral to pedagogical content
- Incorporate new paradigms of sociological perspective
 - o Crucial for our comprehension, incorporation, and communication
- Mindful and intersectional final products
 - Lesson Plans
 - Annotated Bibliography
- Intersectionality
 - o Race, gender compound one another
 - Not separate concepts
 - Formative aspects of a person's life experiences
- Common Core and Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) integration into lesson plans

The Teacher's Guide

- 1. ~ 25 Lesson Plans
- 2. Handouts profiling prominent African American Physicists and institutions
- 3. Annotated Bibliography
- 4. List of Notable African Americans in the Physical Sciences compiled from our own research and websites such as Physicists and Astronomers of the African Diaspora (Dr. Scott Williams at SUNY University at Buffalo)
- 5. Guide to Online Resources such as blogs, websites, and databases
- 6. Trivia Card Game
- 7. Biographical Sketches
- 8. HBCUs and Physics Spreadsheet/Table

The Process

- Preliminary Research
 - Look at sources given to us by the Library Staff and Dr. Good
 - Use these sources to look for other sources



Finding Recurring Themes



- Brainstorming
 - O What kind of materials do we want to create for the guide?



- Creation of Materials
 - Prioritize work based on what we wanted to get done first

Source Evaluation

- Source evaluation sheets completed for all resources
- Used for annotated bibliography
 - O What is this source?
 - Where can this source be found?
 - o Is the source useful?
 - o Why is it useful?
- Easily digestible for teachers
- Citation, format, keywords, notes, and summary

Source Evaluation Form Women & Minorities in Physics, Astronomy and Related Disciplines Center for the History of Physics

Citation:	Ong, Maria. "Body Projects Of Young Women Of Color In Physics: Intersections Of Gender, Race, And Science." <i>Social Problems</i> : 593-617.							
Format:	Print (article)							
Keywords:	Intersectionality, passing,							
Notes:	- 594 Most research on women in science is on white women in science - 594 Ong's goal is to dive into the void left by this trend - 597 Notion of ordinariness as "achievementto claim the nature and benefits of membership in a particular community" - 597 white male presence in science is the historical centerpiece of celebration in the second of color often put aside their complex identities in order to compete with domination of white males in scientific communities - 598 science is not culturally neutral - 598 "Burden of bearing standards not necessarily designed for them" - 599 demininity affects perception of competency - 599 additional burdens to women of color in science when they are framed as speaking for all members of a certain group, while whites are afforded the ability to speak as individuals							

Brainstorming

- Needed to figure out what would be included in our teachers guide
 - Lesson Plans
 - Other Materials
- Asked ourselves: What kind of lessons do we want to create?
 - Discussed a number of factors:
 - What each team member researched
 - What kinds of themes we uncovered
 - How can the lesson apply to either a physics or history classroom in a meaningful and effective way?
- Find a way to make each part of the guide fun and engaging rather than overloading students and teachers with information

Lesson Plans

Jake

- Not Your Average Physicist A look at Physicists who are in other fields of Science
- Student Protests of the 1960's at Fisk- Case Study of James Raymond Lawson
- African Americans in Astronomy-From Benjamin Banneker to the Present and Beyond
- Military influence of African
 Americans in the Physical Sciences
- Arts, Athletics and Physics- A look at involvement outside of Science

Simon

- When Computers Wore Skirts:
 Katherine G. Johnson
- Contributions to NASA and Space Exploration
- African-American Firsts in Physics and Astronomy
- Early 2000s Spike in African-American Ph.D.'s
- Case Study: Shirley Ann Jackson
- Origins of the National Society of Black Physicists

More Lesson Plans!

Serina

- Edward Bouchet and the Washington-Du Bois Debate over African American Education
- Edward Bouchet and African American
 Life in New Haven, Connecticut
- African Americans and the Manhattan Project
- "The Physicist's War": Dr. Herman
 Branson and Howard University during
 World War II
- The "Tuskegee Weathermen:" Black Meteorologists in World War II
- Physicist Activist: Dr. Elmer Imes and the Civil Rights Case of Juliette Derricotte

Sharina

- Physical Sciences at HBCUs
- The Scientific Renaissance of the 1970s: The Bell Labs
- Creating Your Own Spectrometer: Dr. Elmer Imes's Life's Work
- Dr. James West and the Physics of Sound
- Dr. Willie Hobbs-Moore...Dr. Shirley Ann Jackson...And You!
- Dr. Sylvester James Gates and the Quest to Find Out How Nature Works

Other Materials

PHYSTORY

Elmer Samuel Imes becomes the second African American to receive a Ph.D. in Physics from the University of Michigan.

1918

PHYSTORY

Inventor Garrett Augustus Morgan patents the three-position traffic signal.

1923

PHYSTORY

Physicist Meredith "Flash" Gourdine won the silver medal in the men's long jump at the Helsinki Summer Olympics. Gourdine was a pioneer in the research of electrogasdynamics.

1952

PHYSTORY

"Human computer"
Katherine Johnson
calculates the trajectory
for the flight which put
Alan Shepard in space,
making him the first
American to go to space.

1959

PHYSTORY

Dr. James West patents the modern day microphone (officially known as the Electroacoustic Transducer Electret Microphone) along with Gerhard Sessler.

1952

PHYSTORY

The National Society of Black Physicists (NSBP) is established. NSBP is the largest and most recognizable organization devoted to the African American physics community.

1977

PHYSTORY

Reva Williams becomes the first African American woman to eam her Ph.D. in Astrophysics from Indiana University. Dr. Williams was the first person to successfully work out the Penrose Mechanism for extracting energy from a black hole.

1991

Other Materials



"His name belongs among the pioneers of Afro-American science and education for the part he played as a role model and inspiration to hundreds of students who sat in his classroom or worked in his laboratory." - Ronald Mickens

A Pioneer in Science and Education

Edward Alexander Bouchet was born on September 15, 1852 in New Haven, Connecticut to William Frances and Susan Cooley Bouchet. He was the first boy and youngest child of the Bouchet family, with three older sisters. His father, William Bouchet, migrated to New Haven from South Charleston, South Carolina in 1824. He was the valet of a young plantation owner named John B. Robertson, the father of the well-known judge A. Heaton Robertson. Upon his graduation, John Robertson manumitted (freed) William Bouchet and gave him some money to start a business. His mother was born in Westport, Connecticut in 1817 to Asher and Jane Drake Cooley. She was a housewife and lived to be 103 years old, outliving her husband and Edward





The American Institute of Physics' Center for History of Physics works to preserve and make known the historical record of modern physics and allied sciences. Through documentation, archival collections and educational initiatives, the Center ensures that the heritage of modern physics is safeguarded and its story is accurately told. The "Teachers Guide to the History of African Americans in the Physical Sciences" is part of an initiative to increase knowledge on the history of women and minorities in the



Edward Bouchet later in life.

African American Life in New Haven, Connecticut

The life of the Bouchet family reveals much about the African American community in nineteenth century New Haven, which consisted of about 1,000 people. The Rouchets lived at 42 Bradley Street and later at 94 Bradley Street in the majority African American areas of New Haven. During his early years, Edward attended the Artisan Street Colored School, the first school for African Americans in New the corner of Artisan and Court Streets. The school was a oneroomschoolhouse with one teacher, Ms. Sally Wilson. Ms.

Haven founded in 1811, located at

Wilson mustured Edward's early academic abilities and interests and was an important figure in his

The Bouchets were also members of the Temple Street Congregational Church, the earliest Black church in New Haven, where William Bouchet served as deacon. Temple Church served as a stopping point for fugitive slaves along the Underground Railspad in the early ninatearth century and is an important historic institution of the African American community in New Haven.

A Master Teacher

Boucher completed his Ph.D. at Yale in 1876, writing Change University in Philadelphia, the oldest his dissertation on "Measuring Refractive Indices." HECU in the country. Bouchet's academic background should have made him a member of the nineteenth century scientific. Bouchet resigned from the ICY in 1902 and went on white institution was impossible.

schools opening for African Americans following the (HBCUs). He spent 26 years as a science instructor home in 1918 at the age of 66. at the Institute for Colored Youth, now known as

elite. However, racism and increasingly strict racial to hold anumber of positions around the country over segregation in the nineteenth century meant that the next 14 years of his life. He selocated to St. finding a position as a researcher or professor at a Louis, Missouri in 1902 where he taught physics and mathematics at Summer High School and was business manager at Provident Hospital. From 1905 Instead, Bouchet went on to touch the lives of to 1908, he was director of academics at St. Paul hundreds of students as an educator at the many. Normal and Industrial School in Lawrenceville. Virginia. He joined the faculty at Bishop College in Civil War which would become the nation's 1913 and then moved back to New Haven in 1916 Historically Black Colleges and Universities due to illness where he passed away in his childhood

Honoring Bouchet's Legacy



Edward Alexander Roughet leaves. Institute was founded in 1988 by behind a powerful legacy. His memory Nobel Laureate Professor Abdus Salam lives on in the awards and scholarships and the National Society of Black provided in his name to Physicists to facilitate interaction underrepresented minorities in physics.

The American Physical Society, the world's second largest professional. The Promising Scholars Fund Edward organization of physicists, established A. Bouchet scholarship was established the Edward A. Bouchet Award in 1994

by the Sigma Pi Phi Fratemity of New for underrepresented minority physics. Haven, Connecticut to assist academically talented African American graduates of New Haven The Edward Bouchet Abdus Salam high schools

between African and African American

CHEYNEY University



Resources





African Americans in Physics, Astronomy, and the Related Sciences: An Annotated Bibliography

Alagna, Magdalena. Mae Jemison: The First African American Woman in Space. New York: Rosen Central, 2004.

This short biography (112 pages, small format, large print) is part of the Women Hall of Famers in Mathematics and Science series and is appropriate for readers at grade level 4-8. It highlights the life of Mae Jemison, the first African American female astronaut discussing her upbringing, why she pursued a career as an astronaut, her time in the Peace Corps and her career at NASA. The book contains great photographs and is colorful and visually appealing. It also contains a two-page timeline of Jemison's life, a glossary of scientific terms, and information on further reading and other resources.

Blue, Rose, Corinne J. Naden, and Don Tate, Ron's Big Mission, New York, NY: Dutton Childrens Books, 2009.

This children's book, intended for children in grades 1-3, tells the story of famous astronaut and physicist Ronald McNair. When he was nine years old, he walked into a library searching for books on being a pilot but was met with racial discrimination from the librarian. The story describes how McNair became an astronaut against the odds. With beautiful illustrations by Don Tate, this book would be a great read during classtime or an addition to an elementary school library.

Burns, Khephra and William Miles, Black Stars in Orbit: NASA's African-American Astronauts, San Diego: Harcourt-Brace, 1995.

This 80-page, over-sized volume illustrates the history of African American astronauts and is intended for readers at grade level 3-6. The book begins with a chapter on the Tuskegee airmen and links the history of African American pilots to astronauts. It documents how African Americans have faced racial discrimination and segregation and the work of African American scientists and who worked behind the scenes. The book is full of pictures and is written in an exciting and engaging way.

Campbell Jr., George, Ronni Denes, and Catherine Morrison. Access Denied: Race, Ethnicity, and the Scientific Enterprise, New York: Oxford University Press, 2000.

This anthology, which came out of the National Action Council for Minorities in Engineering (NACME) Research and Policy Conference on Minorities in Science. Engineering and Mathematics in 1995, gathers essays by over two dozen leading scholars and researchers that address the issue of underrepresented minorities in the sciences. The book begins with a demographic framework and ends with policy recommendations to increase the number of underrepresented minorities in the sciences. Particular essays

Prepared by the Center for the History of Physics at AIP

Other Resources

Name	Gender	Birthplace	Date of Birth	Date of Death	Field	Bachelors		
Adesida, Ilesanmi	Male	Nigeria	1945	n/a	Nanotechnology	UCLA, Berkeley		
Adeyemi, Olusegen A.	Male	Nigeria				University of Lagos		
Adkins, Rodney	Male	Miami, Florida	8/23/1958	n/a	Electrical Engineering	Rollins College/Georgia Tech		
Akins, Daniel	Male	Miami, Florida	7/8/1941	n/a	Physical Chemistry	Howard University		
Akins, Sondra	Female	Winston Salem, NC	3/16/1944	n/a	Science Education	UCLA, Berkeley		
Alcorn, George E.	Male	Indianapolis, IN	3/22/1940	n/a	SemiConductors/Aerospace	Occidental College		
Alexander, Claudia	Female	Canada/Santa Clara, CA	5/17/1905	n/a	Planetary Science	UCLA, Berkeley		
Alexander, Stephon Haigh-Solom	Male	Trinidad/Bronx, N.Y.		n/a	Theoretical Physics	Haverford College		
Allotey, Francis Kofi Ampenyin	Male	Ghana	4/15/1905	n/a	Spectroscopy	London Imperial College		
Anderson, Charles Edward	Male							
Anderson, Denise Brown	Female				Optics			
Anderson, Gloria Long	Female	Altheimer, Arkansas	11/5/1938	n/a	Chemistry	Arkansas A&M and Normal Colle		
Antoine, Albert	Male	New York, NY	1/14/1925	n/a	Chemistry	City College of New York		
Assamagan, Ketevi Adikle	Male	Port-Gentil, Gabon	3/15/1963	n/a	Nuclear and Particle Physics	University of Benin		
Atkins, Rutherford H.	Male	Alexandria City, VA	11/21/1924	2/6/1998	Physics	Virginia State University		
Austin, Wanda	Female	New York, NY	9/8/1954	n/a	Aeronautical Engineering	Franklin and Marshall College		
Avery, Stephen	Male		5/29/1905	3	Experimental Nuclear Physics	Millersville University		
Babalola, Stephen	Male	Nigeria			Nuclear Physics			
Baccouche, Aziza	Female			n/a	Theoretical Nuclear Physics			
Bagayoko, Diola	Male	Mali, West Africa	12/12/1948	n/a	Solid State Physics	Ecole Normale Superieure		
Baker, Oliver Keith	Male	McGehee, Arkansas		n/a	Experimental Nuclear Physics	MIT		
Banks, Harvey	Male	Atlantic City, NJ	2/7/1923	1979	Astronomy	Howard University		
Banneker, Benjamin	Male	Baltimore, Maryland	11/9/1731	10/25/1806	Astronomy, Mathematics	None		
Barnes, Sharon	Female	Beaumont, Texas	11/28/1955	n/a		Baylor University		
Basri, Gibor	Male	New York, NY	5/3/1951	n/a	Astronomy	Stanford University		
Bastien, Fabienne	Female	Maryland		n/a	Astronomy	University of Maryland, College		
Bates, Clayton W., Jr.	Male	New York, NY	9/5/1932	n/a	Electrical Engineering	Manhattan College		
Bennett, Valerie	Female			n/a	Robotics	Vanderbilt University		
Best, Jason	Male			n/a	Astronomy, Astrophysics	Indiana University		
Bignall, Orville Newton	Male							
Billilign, Solomon	Male	Dessie, Ethiopia		n/a	Theoretical Physics	Addis Ababa University (Ethiopi		
Blakeslee, Pamela	Female				Condensed Matter Physics			
Bluford, Guion, S. "Guy", Jr.	Male	Philadelphia, PA	11/22/1942	n/a	Aerospace Engineering	Pennsylvania State University		
Bolden, Charles F., Jr.	Male	Columbia, SC	8/19/1946	n/a	Aerospace Engineering	United States Naval Academy		
Bouchet, Edward	Male	New Haven, CT	9/15/1852	10/28/1918	Physics, Optics	Yale University		
Boyd, Gwendolyn Elizabeth	Female	Montgomery, AL	12/27/1955	n/a	Mechanical Engineering	Alabama State University		
Bradu Caint Class	Mala	Lautevilla VV	17/77/1004	17/15/1066	Chamista	Eick Heisperits		

Historically Black Colleges and

Public

Private

Private

Public

Private

Private

Private

Public

Public

Public

Private

Public

Public

Public:

Private

Private

Texas Southern University

West Virginia State College

Tougaloo College

Fisk University

Tuskegee University

Wilberforce University

Clark Atlanta University

Morgan State College

Virginia State University

Delaware State University

North Carolina A&T

Xavier University

Hampton University

Howard University

Alabama A&M

Florida A&M

Houston, TX

Tougaloo, MS

Tuskegee, AL

Wilbeforce, OH

Atlanta, GA

Nashville, TN

Baltimore, MD

Greensboro, NC

Petersburg, VA

New Orleans, LA

Huntsville

Dover, DE

Tallahassee

Hampton, VA

Washington, DC

Kanawha County, WV

1927

1869

1881

1891

1856

1869

1866

1867

1891

1882

1925

1875

1891

1887

1868

1867

Est. Year	Name of University	Location	Type of College	Founding Affiliation	Physics Dept.	Natural Sciences Dept.	Bachelors	Masters	Doctorate
1871	Alcorn State University	Lorman, MS	Public	Land Grant	Yes	No	Chem Physics	No	No
1870	Benedict College	Columbia, SC	Private	American Baptist	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1904	Bethune Cookman College	Daytona Beach, FL	Private	Mary McLeod Bethune	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
1869	Dillard University	New Orleans, LA	Private	United Methodist	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
1891	Elizabeth City State College	Elizabeth City, North Carolina	Public	North Carolina General Assembly	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1901	Grambling State University	Grambling, LA	Public	North Louisiana Colored Agriculture Relief Association	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1877	Jackson State University	Jackson, MS	Public	American Baptist Home Mission Society of NY	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1882	Lane College	Memphis, TN	Private	Christian Methodist Episcopal Church	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
1866	Lincoln University	Jefferson City, MO	Public	Land Grant	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1854	Lincoln University	Chester County, PA	Public	John Miller Dickey (Presbyterian)	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1867	Morehouse College	Atlanta, GA	Private	William Jefferson White	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1935	Norfolk State University	Norfolk, VA	Public	William Mahone	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1910	North Carolina Central University	Durham, NC	Public	James E. Shephard	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1876	Prairie View State College	Prairie View, TX	Public	Land Grant	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1865	Shaw University	Raleigh, NC	Private	National Baptist Convention	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
1896	South Carolina State University	Orangeburg, SC	Public	Land Grant	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1881	Spelman College	Atlanta, GA	Private	First Baptist Church	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

Houston School District

United Church of Christ

Booker T. Washington

United Church of Christ

American Missionary Association

First Congregational Society of Washington

Methodist Episcopal

Land Grant

Land Grant

Land Grant

Land Grant

Land Grant

Land Grant

Catholic

United Methodist

AME.

Yes

Yes

Yes

No

No

Yes

No.

No

No

Yes:

Yes:

No.

No.

No.

No

No

No

No.

No

No

Yes

No.

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes:

Yes

Eng. Physics

No

No

No

No

Yes

No

No.

No

No

No.

No

No.

No.

No

No.

No.

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Optios

Advisory Meeting

- Held on July 18, 2014
- Presentation of our work to a small group of attendees from both in and outside of AIP
 - Representatives from the American Association of Physics Teachers
 - Representatives from the American Physical Society
 - Representatives from the AIP Statistical Research Center
 - Experts on African Americans in the Physical Sciences
 - Dr. Jim Stith-Retired Vice President of AIP Physics resource center
 - Dr. Paul Gueye- Current President of the National Society of Black Physicists
 - Dr. Ron Mickens- Distinguished Professor of Physics at Clark Atlanta University,
 Science Historian
 - And of course Representatives from the AIP Center for the History of Physics and Niels Bohr Library and Archives Staff
- Presentation to show the current progress of the project as well as seek advice and criticism from the advisors in attendance
- Important to realize that this is a project that will take multiple years to finish completely, but that
 we must finish enough so that the next group of interns can pick up where we left off

Acknowledgements

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- Serina Hwang-Jensen
- Sharina Haynes
- Kendra Redmond
- Toni Sauncy
- Ada Uzoma
- The Niels Bohr Library and Archive staff

Resources

Niels Bohr Library and Archives HistoryMakers University of Maryland library